

ATTACHMENT "A"

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR _____ COUNTY, FLORIDA

Petitioner/ _____,

and

Respondent/ _____,

Case No.: _____

Division: _____

PARENTING PLAN

Check only the items that will be in your family's Parenting Plan

1. PARENTING PLAN OF:

- Both parents Mother Father Court-Ordered Plan
 By Stipulation Temporary Final Judgment Modification

Name	Address	Phone	E-mail
Father			
Mother			

Name	Date of Birth	Age
Child 1:		
Child 2:		
Child 3:		
Child 4:		
Child 5:		
Child 6:		

2. JURISDICTION

The United States is the country of habitual residence of the child(ren).

The State of Florida maintains the most significant contacts with the child(ren) and is the most appropriate forum for addressing parenting contact.

The State of Florida is the child(ren)'s home state for purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.

This Parenting Plan is a child custody determination for the purposes of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, the International Child Abduction Remedies Act, 42 U.S.C. § 11601 et seq., the Parental Kidnapping Prevention Act, and the Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction enacted at the Hague on October 25, 1980.

Venue is proper in the count of:

Select your County

Escambia Santa Rosa Okaloosa Walton

3. PARENTAL RESPONSIBILITY

Check all that apply

A. The Mother shall have sole parental responsibility of the minor child(ren). The Father's time-sharing schedule shall be in accordance with the attached schedule.

The Father shall have sole parental responsibility of the minor child(ren). The Mother's time-sharing schedule shall be in accordance with the attached schedule.

B. Each parent has been given shared parental responsibility. This means:

1. Both parents shall communicate so that major decisions that affect the child(ren) shall be made in consultation with each other. Said decisions include, but are not limited to, education, discipline, religion, medical, and the general parenting of the child(ren).

2. Each parent shall diligently remember to encourage and promote, between the other parent and child(ren), good relations, love and affection, spending time with and giving attention to the other parent when that parent has the child(ren). Neither parent shall obstruct, impede or interfere with the other parent's right to associate with and enjoy the company of the minor child(ren), unless there is a court order that prohibits such contact by the other parent.

3. Each parent shall have access to records and information about the minor

child(ren) including, but not limited to, medical, dental and school records. Each parent, where possible, shall independently obtain this information. When this information is not readily available to the other parent, each parent is encouraged to obtain and share this information with the other parent. If there is a cost of obtaining information for the other parent, that parent must pay the cost to the other parent before that parent has a duty to obtain the information. Should a parent have concerns regarding the academic, social, or emotional development of the child(ren), the parent has an obligation to contact the appropriate school, doctor, or other individual regarding same. A parent cannot rely totally upon the other parent to supply all of the information which he/she deems necessary regarding the care and development of the child(ren). Neither parent shall in any way obstruct or hinder the other parent's right and ability to seek and obtain information pertaining to the child(ren) (unless otherwise permitted by Court order).

4. Medical Condition: Each parent has the right to know of any significant illness of a child or significant injury sustained by such child(ren). "Significant" is hereby defined as any such condition which would require a child to miss school or to be taken to a health care provider. Each party shall notify the other parent promptly of any significant illness or injury affecting the minor child(ren).
5. Unless otherwise provided by a court order, the parent enrolling the child(ren) in school shall list both parents on the student registration card(s) or other document(s) required by the school to allow either parent to pick the child(ren) up from school or check the child(ren) out of school. Absent an emergency or the consent of the other parent, a parent should pick up or check out the child(ren) only on days assigned to that parent under the parties' time sharing schedule.
6. Neither parent shall in the presence of or around the child(ren) make any disparaging remarks about the other parent or call the other parent by an obnoxious or offensive name, use slang or curse words when referring to the other parent, or ask the child(ren) about the other parent's private life. Any feelings of ill will, dislike, hatred, lack of respect, or anger held by one parent against the other or held by both parents, shall not be exhibited in the presence of or around the child(ren). The relationship between the parents shall be as respectful and courteous as possible, when dealing with matters relating to the child(ren).
7. Each parent has a duty to communicate directly with the child(ren) concerning his or her relationship with the child(ren) to the extent warranted

by the child(ren)'s age and maturity. Neither parent can expect the other parent to act as a “go between” or “buffer” between the other parent and the child(ren). For example, if time-sharing is missed or changed by a parent and the child(ren) asks why, that parent should discuss this with the child(ren).

8. Both parents shall be entitled to participate in and attend activities in which the child(ren) is/are involved, such as religious activities, school programs, lunch with the child(ren) at school, sports events and other activities and important school and social events in which the child(ren) participate(s). A school's policy may supersede a parent's right to attend certain activities. Each parent has the duty to independently obtain knowledge of and information about these events. If information is exclusively or uniquely known to one parent, then that parent has the duty to timely inform the other parent within a reasonable period of time before the event.
9. The child(ren)'s legal surname (last name) shall not be changed except by court order. The child(ren) shall be referred to by the child(ren)'s legal surname in all proceedings (including but not limited to: school, medical, religious, day care records, etc.) and occasions (including but not limited to social events, religious events, school activities, family gatherings, at home, work or play). While legal stepparents often participate significantly in the life of the child(ren) and bonds of love and affection are formed, enjoyed and encouraged, each parent must remember that the stepparent is **NOT** to overshadow or displace the role of the other parent in the child(ren)'s life. While it is acceptable for the child(ren) to use a respectful name commonly associated with the role of a parent when talking to or about the stepparent, that name shall not replace the name of “Mother” or “Father” (or common derivative, e.g. mom, dad) used by the child(ren) to refer to the child(ren)'s parents.
10. The parties shall follow these general rules of safety conduct, including, but not limited to the following: (1) Neither parent nor anyone entrusted to care for the child(ren) shall knowingly or willingly expose the child(ren) to any illegal activity; (2) Neither parent nor anyone entrusted to care for the minor child(ren) shall knowingly or willingly expose the child(ren) to any harmful situation, such as riding in a motor vehicle without a safety belt or an age/weight appropriate child safety device, riding a bicycle without a helmet, etc.
11. Each party has a duty to confer with the other pertaining to all major decisions affecting the welfare of their child(ren) (unless otherwise prohibited

by Court order, entered after the Court order incorporating this schedule, for example: Domestic Violence Restraining Order). Both parents shall confer so that the advantages and disadvantages of all major decisions affecting the welfare of the child(ren) will be determined jointly. Such major decisions may include, but are not limited to, the education, medical and dental care, religious training, and discipline of the minor child(ren). For example, this duty would include an obligation to discuss a decision to remove a child from public school in order to enroll a child in private school, it may include allowing a child to participate in a school related activity, e.g., field trip. It would not include a decision to have a child's hair trimmed.

Parents are cautioned that if they cannot agree on an issue involving the minor child(ren), that the Court can take a parent's lack of cooperation or unreasonableness into consideration when formulating or modifying a Parenting Plan in the minor child(ren)'s best interests.

This Shared Parental Responsibility Statement is a general order of court. Some cases contain Court orders that are unique and specific to that case. If in your case there is a court order that directly or indirectly conflicts with any provision of this Statement, you MUST obey that court order unless or until the court expressly instructs you to do otherwise.

C. Parental Disagreement/Conflict Resolution Check all that apply

The parents shall attempt to resolve the issues between the parents outside the presence of the child(ren).

In the event of a disagreement on decision-making between the parents:

- The parents shall submit the issue to mediation
- The parents shall submit the issue to the court at the earliest available date.

OR

In the event the parties do not agree on a parental decision, the ultimate decision making authority for:

- Academic/educational needs of the child(ren)
- Medical/Health related needs of the child(ren)
- Extracurricular needs of the child(ren)
- Other: _____

Shall be made by:

- Mother Father
- Mother Father
- Mother Father
- Mother Father

These provisions are not applicable if immediate court action is required to protect the child(ren) in an emergency situation.

Attorney's Fees and Court Costs: In the event a contempt hearing is held and one parent has been found in contempt for violation of this Parenting Plan, then the parent found in contempt **may** be subject to appropriate sanctions, which may include (but are not limited to) payment of the other party's attorney's fees and costs.

4. ACADEMIC/EDUCATION DECISIONS **Check all that apply**

The child(ren) shall attend:

- The school in the district in which the Mother resides.
- The school in the district in which the Father resides.
- Other: _____
- Absent an emergency, no changes can occur without the written consent of both parents or court order.

5. MEDICAL/HEALTH DECISIONS

Parents shall discuss all medical, psychological, counseling, therapeutic, optical, orthodontic, dental or other health related care and needs of the child(ren).

In the event of serious illness, accident or hospitalization affecting the health of the child(ren), the parent with the knowledge of such event shall immediately notify the other parent.

A parent scheduling a routine appointment for the child(ren) shall give the other parent advance notice of the appointment to allow th other parent to attend.

Check all that apply

- The parents have agreed to the following medical care providers:
 - Pediatrician: _____
 - Dentist: _____
 - Orthodontist: _____
 - Ophthalmologist/
Optometrist: _____
 - Counselor: _____
 - Other: _____

Other: _____

_____.

6. RELIGION

Each parent may provide religious instruction, if any, in the faith they so desire.

7. SCHEDULING/EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

A. School Calendar:

On or before 01 August each year, both parents shall obtain a copy fo the school calendar for the next school year to discuss and create a parenting contact calendar following the child(ren)'s academic calendar and this Parenting Plan.

the parties shall follow the school calendar of: **√ Check all that apply**

- the oldest child
- the youngest child
- the school calendar for _____ County, Florida
- the school calendar for _____ School.

B. Definitions:

When defining academic break periods, the period shall being at the end of the last scheduled day of classes before the holiday or break and shall end on the first day of regularly scheduled classes after the holiday or break ends.

C. Schedule Changes **√ Check all that apply**

- A parent requesting a change of schedule shall be responsible for any additional child care, efforts or transportation costs resulting from the change.
- If one parent must pay for an unplanned expense of the child(ren) when it is the responsibility of the other parent to do so, the parent initially responsible shall reimburse the other parent for these costs within ten (10) days of payment.

8. COMMUNICATIONS WITH THE CHILD(REN)

All parents shall keep contact information current and each shall notify the other in writing of any changes. Each parent shall maintain a working telephone.

Each parent shall have the right to contact the child(ren) by telephone at the residence or location of the other parent with reasonable frequency, during reasonable hours, and for reasonable duration (unless otherwise prohibited by court order). Unless an emergency arises, "reasonable frequency" is defined as once per day. "Reasonable hours" is defined as 8:00 a.m. through 8:00 p.m. (child(ren)'s local time). "Reasonable duration" is hereby defined as no more than one-half (1/2) hour per call. Each parent has a duty to promptly return telephone calls placed by the other and to see that the child(ren) do the same. The child(ren) shall be allowed to initiate telephone calls during any period of parenting time. If the telephone call requires a long distance charge, the parent initiating the call is responsible for any long distance charges.

The child(ren) should be afforded reasonable privacy during conversations with the parent. Neither parent shall record or monitor telephone calls between the child(ren) and the other parent (unless permitted to do so by Court order).

9. PARENTAL COMMUNICATION

Parents shall communicate by:

Check all that apply

- | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Telephone | <input type="checkbox"/> In Person | <input type="checkbox"/> E-Mail |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Text message | <input type="checkbox"/> Third party | <input type="checkbox"/> U.S. Mail |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Any of the above. | | |

10. DAYCARE/AFTER SCHOOL CARE PROVIDERS

Check all that apply

Unless otherwise agreed upon in writing, daycare and after school care providers shall be selected by:

- Mother
- Father
- Other
- All child care providers must be agreed upon by both parents in writing.

Back-up Care:

- A. **Short Term:** When the child(ren) are with either parent and that parent has to be absent, because of work, social obligations etc., and is not able to care for the child(ren) for a period of less than six (6) hours, that parent does not have to give the other parent first right of refusal to keep the child(ren) as long as a relative, by blood or marriage within the second degree (e.g., grandparent, aunt, uncle or step-parent) provides care for the child(ren). If a relative, as defined above, does not provide that care, then that parent shall contact the other parent and allow him or her the opportunity to care for the child(ren). The parent that is providing back-up care shall provide all transportation associated with exercising this time sharing.
- B. **Long Term:** When the child(ren) is/are with either parent and that parent has to be absent for a period of time in excess of six (6) hours. The parent that is not able to care for the child(ren) shall contact the other parent and allow him or her the opportunity to care for the child(ren). If that parent is not able to care for the child(ren), then a third party may care for the child(ren). The parent that is providing back-up care shall provide all transportation associated with exercising this time sharing.
- C. **Exception to Short and Long Term Back-up Care:** If the child(ren) is/are enrolled in and attending day care or after-school care and the policy of the day care/after-school care provider requires the attendance of the child(ren) or the child(ren) will lose his/her/their slot; compliance with the above provision(s) is/are not mandatory. Additionally, the parent who is assigned Spring Break, summer vacation, Fall Break or Christmas vacation time-sharing under this Parenting Plan may choose for the child(ren) to spend such time with a relative, by blood or marriage within the second degree (e.g., grandparent, aunt, uncle or step-parent), even if such parent is not present. In this situation, the other parent does not have the backup care rights listed above. Furthermore, during summer vacation time, a parent may choose to enroll the child(ren) in a special activity, day camp or overnight camp including, but not limited to Boy/Girl Scouts, sports camp or music camp. The purpose of the activity must be to foster an interest of the child(ren). In this situation, the other parent does not have the back-up care rights as stated above. Standard daycare used to keep the child(ren) while the parent is away does not meet this required purpose.

11. MODIFICATIONS TO THIS PARENTING PLAN AND TIME-SHARING SCHEDULE

Flexibility: Each parent is encouraged to mutually agree to change his/her schedule to suit the needs of the child(ren) first and themselves second. The parents may, by

mutual agreement, change the terms of this Parenting Plan or time-sharing schedule on a per activity basis. For example, switching weekends due to a relative's wedding. If the parents wish to make permanent changes, which are enforceable by the Court, this should be accomplished as set forth below.

Adjustment of Parenting Plan and Time-Sharing Schedule: The parties are permitted to mutually adjust this Parenting Plan and Time-Sharing Schedule either temporarily or permanently. It is strongly recommended that the parties reduce any adjustments to this schedule to writing and signed by both parties. The parties may also reach an unwritten agreement, but if the Court, in its discretion, chooses to recognize their adjusted agreement (written or oral) it may choose to only adopt and incorporate into a Court order an agreement that has been reduced to writing, signed by both parties and notarized. Additionally, the Court does not have the authority to enforce, by contempt or otherwise, an agreement of the parties until after the agreement has been approved by the Court and incorporated into a Court order. When the parents do not agree in writing to change the terms of this Parenting Plan or time-sharing schedule, this Parenting Plan and time-sharing schedule remains in effect.

12. TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

All necessary information will be sent with the child(ren) including:

- Medicine and dosage in its original packaging
- Homework assignments, school projects and directions
- Social activities with equipment
- Appointments
- Sleep/meal schedules

During all transportation exchanges, parental communication shall be limited to issues required for the child(ren) and neither parent shall display anger, sarcasm or profanity in the presence of the child(ren).

Require child(ren)'s belongings will be provided to the other parent by the transporting parent. Child(ren) will not be required to take overnight bags or personal belongings to the school.

√Check all that apply

- Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the parent beginning his/her time-sharing shall provide transportation
- The parent sending the child(ren) to the other parent will provide transportation.

All transportation will be provided by the Mother Father

Exchanges shall occur:

When school is in session, all exchanges shall occur at school. When school is not in session, exchanges shall occur _____.

Either parent may delegate transportation to his or her spouse, grandparents, or a third party agreed to by both parents.

When airline transportation is used and the child(ren) is/are below the age to fly unaccompanied, the parent having the child transported by air for time-sharing must make arrangements with the airline(s) to have the child accompanied by airline personnel. The additional cost of which shall be divided equally between the parents, unless otherwise provided by Court order or agreement between the parties.

13. TIME SHARING PLAN

√ **Fill in the plan** (Mother: “M” and Father: “F”). If the time-sharing is overnight, circle the parent designation.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Week 1							
Week 2							
Week 3							
Week 4							

A. **Waiting:** The child(ren) and a parent shall have no duty to await the arrival of the other parent for more than thirty (30) minutes. If the child(ren) is/are not picked up by a parent within that time, then time-sharing shall be forfeited for that period, unless the parent’s delay is excused by illness, extended work hours, or a physical impossibility to arrive on time, or a telephone call explaining the reason for the delay before the thirty (30) minutes have elapsed.

B. **Cancellation by a parent:** Forty-eight (48) hours notice shall be given by one parent to the other parent if time-sharing **will not be exercised** for any scheduled time-sharing.

Otherwise, the parent who will be exercising his/her time-sharing is expected to pick up the child at the appointed time. Any time-sharing that is canceled without forty-eight (48) hours notice by a parent shall be forfeited unless the lack of time-sharing is caused by illness, extended work hours, or a physical impossibility to pick up the child(ren). In that event, and if make-up time-sharing is requested, it shall be in accordance with Paragraph C below.

In the event a child is ill and unable to safely leave the home, the parent who has the child in his/her care shall give the other parent twenty-four (24) hours notice, if possible, in order that appropriate alternate plans can be made in accordance with Paragraph C below. If medication has been prescribed for a child, then that medicine shall accompany the child, and shall be given as prescribed. The doctor's name and phone number shall be shared. In the event an accident or illness occurs while in the care of either parent, that parent shall notify the other parent as soon as practical.

C. **Make-up Time-Sharing:** If weekend time-sharing is missed, it shall be made upon on an "alternate weekend" (presumably the weekend immediately following the missed time-sharing period). The regular time-sharing shall then recommence the following weekend. Summer, spring break, fall break, and Christmas make-up days shall be added to the time-sharing schedule the following summer, spring break, fall break or Christmas. Make-up time-sharing for weekday parenting shall be made up the next day, or otherwise is forfeited unless the parties otherwise agree.

D. **Trip Itinerary:** Each parent has the right to know the whereabouts of the child(ren) when parenting time will be exercised in a different location other than the home. Should either parent have the child(ren) away from their normal residence for a period of more than 24 hours (e.g., for a trip or vacation) then prior to exercising that parenting time, such parent shall provide the other with an itinerary of where the child(ren) will be staying by 1) providing addresses and telephone numbers of each location, 2) the length of the stay, 3) the name of all persons who may provide care for the child(ren) during the stay, 4) the departure date, and 5) the date of return/arrival. In case of an emergency involving the child(ren) and in the best interest of the child(ren), each parent is encouraged to communicate with the other(unless prohibited by Court order) when he or she will be traveling away from home for less than 24 hours. Each parent should provide the other parent with telephone number(s), pager numbers, voice mail numbers, or contact information for a third party so the parent may contact the other parent if there is an emergency involving the child(ren).

E. **Scheduled Conflicts**

Check all that apply

It is recognized that holiday parenting time is an interruption of, and supersedes regular weekday, weekend, and any uninterrupted summer parenting time. Therefore, in the event

holiday or vacation time conflicts with the ongoing parenting contact, the scheduled holiday or vacation time shall be observed.

If there is a conflict between the holiday/vacation time and the ongoing parenting contact, the ongoing parenting contact schedule will resume:

- Without regard to holiday or vacation time.
- With the parent who missed a contact period with the child(ren) having the next scheduled period.

F. **Scheduled Events:** In the event the child has an extracurricular activity or social event, e.g., softball game, ballet, Scout meeting, then both parents are required to assure the child's attendance, provided the parents have agreed in writing that the child will participate in these activities and the child is not otherwise ill or unable to attend due to extraordinary circumstances.

Both parents have the right to be informed as to the schedule of such activities in which the child(ren) are involved and both shall be entitled to attend such activities (unless otherwise prohibited by Court order). Both parents shall make good faith efforts to get the child(ren) to such activities on time and in appropriate attire. If not attending such activity, the parent who drops the child off for such activity has the duty to ensure that the child(ren) is/are picked up from such activity.

G. **Adequate Clean Clothing for the Time-Sharing:** Clean and appropriate (correct size, seasonally correct, etc.) clothing shall be supplied by each parent during his/her time-sharing and all clothes belonging to the other parent shall be returned to that parent in the same condition.

H. **Grandparents:** Grandparents usually have a desire to maintain a relationship and contact with their grandchildren. Likewise, grandchildren benefit from maintaining a strong and loving relationship with their grandparents. The parents are strongly encouraged to share parenting time with the paternal and maternal grandparents.

I. **Child Support:** Non-payment or late payment of child support is **not** a legal or acceptable reason to deviate from or refuse to follow this schedule. Conversely, denial of parenting time will **not** legally justify non-payment or late payment of child support. **Denial** of parenting time **may** subject the denying parent to sanctions (punishment) by the Court.

14. HOLIDAYS, ACADEMIC BREAKS, SIGNIFICANT DAYS

√ Check all that apply

- Schedule A:**

1. **Holidays and Other Time-Sharing:** In odd-numbered years, the Petitioner shall have Memorial Day, the Thanksgiving holiday, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day and Halloween, and the Respondent shall have July 4th, Labor Day, President's Day and Veteran's Day. In even-numbered years, this schedule is reversed. It is recognized that holiday parenting time is an interruption of, and supersedes regular weekday, weekend, and any uninterrupted summer time-sharing. If the child(ren) is/are not enrolled in school due to age or home schooling, holidays and other time-sharing shall be governed by the schedule of the public school in the child(ren)'s district. At the conclusion of any holiday time-sharing, the previously established time-sharing schedule shall resume as if there was no interruption unless otherwise agreed to by both parents.

A. **Thanksgiving Holiday:** Thanksgiving holiday begins from the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses (the one [1] hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at 6:00 p.m., if the parent is unable to start time-sharing after school recesses. Time-sharing ends the following Monday morning when school reconvenes. The parent who is exercising time-sharing shall take the child(ren) to school on the scheduled morning that school reconvenes, return the child(ren) to the other parent, or day care provider, no later than 9:00 a.m.

B. **Christmas Vacation:** The Christmas holiday period shall be divided by the total number of days for the Christmas holidays. Christmas time-sharing shall start at the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses (the one (1) hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at or before 6:00 p.m., if a parent is unable to start his/ her time-sharing after school recesses. Christmas time-sharing ends when school reconvenes. In even-numbered years, the Respondent shall have the child(ren) the first half of this Christmas holiday period. The child(ren) transition(s) to the other parent for the second half of the Christmas vacation at 12:00 p.m. on the day between the two halves of Christmas vacation (if the calculated number of days of Christmas vacation is odd) or on the first day of the second parent's time (if the calculated number of days of Christmas vacation is even).

Splitting the holiday period equally can result in one parent having both Christmas Eve and Christmas Day. Parents are encouraged to work together so that the parent without one of these two days spends at least some time with the child(ren) on one or both of these days.

C. **Easter:** Easter often falls within Spring Break vacation. In the event it does not, then the Respondent shall have the child on Easter from 8:00 a.m.

through 9:00 am. Monday morning during odd-numbered years, and the Petitioner during even-numbered years. If Easter falls within the Spring Break vacation period, then time-sharing shall be pursuant to Paragraph 4(D).

- D. **Spring Break:** The Respondent shall have time-sharing with the child(ren) for Spring Break during even-numbered years, and the Petitioner during odd-numbered years. Spring Break time-sharing shall commence from the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses (the one [1] hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at or before 6:00 p.m., if a parent is unable to start time-sharing after school recesses. This vacation period shall end the morning school reconvenes. The parent who is exercising time-sharing shall take the child to school on the scheduled morning that school reconvenes, return the child(ren) to the other parent, or day care provider, no later than 9:00 am.
- E. **Fall Break:** In the event the child(ren)'s school elects to have a Fall Break, the Respondent shall have the time-sharing with the child(ren) during odd-numbered years, and the Petitioner during even-numbered years. Fall break time-sharing shall commence from the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses (the one [1] hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at or before 6:00 p.m. if the parent is unable to start time-sharing after school recesses. This vacation period shall end the morning school reconvenes. The parent who is exercising time-sharing shall take the child to school on the scheduled morning that school reconvenes, return the child(ren) to the other parent, or day care provider, no later than 9:00 am.
- F. **Birthdays:** In odd-numbered years, the child shall celebrate his or her birthday at the home of the Respondent. In even-numbered years, the child shall celebrate his or her birthday at the home of the Petitioner. If the child attends school, time-sharing shall commence from the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses the one [1] hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at 6:00 p.m. if due to work-related reasons a parent is unable to start time-sharing after school recesses and shall conclude the following morning when the child is either returned to school or by 9:00 a.m. to the other parent's residence, or daycare (if applicable). If the child is not of school age, that child can be picked up by the other parent as early as noon, if a parent's schedule permits for exercising birthday visitation. If the birthday celebration falls on a weekend, it will be from 8:00 am. through 6:00 p.m. When appropriate, the parent holding a birthday celebration for the child may wish

to consider inviting the other parent to the child's celebration. If the parties have more than one (1) child, the above time-sharing applies to all children of the parties.

- G. **Mother's Birthday and Father's Birthday:** The day shall be spent each year with the appropriate parent. In the event the parents share a common birthday, the day shall be spent with the Mother in even-numbered years and with the Father in odd-numbered years.
- H. **Father's Day and Mother's Day:** The day shall be spent each year with the appropriate parent.
- I. **Summers:** The Respondent shall have time-sharing the first (1st) one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of summer break visitation during odd-numbered years, and the second (2nd) one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) during even-numbered years. Each party shall have the same weekday and weekend time-sharing, as well as communication rights, during the summer as the other party has during the year, except that each parent has a right to have the child for uninterrupted time-sharing for two (2) weeks. The parents may agree in writing to a longer or shorter period of uninterrupted time-sharing. The uninterrupted time-sharing shall occur during that parent's part of summer time-sharing unless otherwise agreed in writing. Each party should attempt, when possible, to give the other party as much advance written notice of when they will be exercising uninterrupted time-sharing during the summer. Any period of uninterrupted time-sharing shall not conflict with any holiday or birthday time-sharing unless the parties otherwise agree in writing. Uninterrupted time-sharing shall not be construed to supersede a parent's telephonic communication rights.

The summer break time-sharing shall commence from the time school recesses, or one (1) hour after school recesses (the one [1] hour does not apply if both parents supply all clothing, accessories, etc.) or it starts otherwise at 6:00 p.m, if a parent is unable to start time-sharing after school recesses. Summer break concludes at 6:00 p.m. on the seventh (7th) day prior to school reconvening for the next school year. The child(ren) transition(s) to the other parent for the second half of the summer at 12:00 p.m. on the day between the two halves of summer (if the calculated number of days of summer vacation is odd) or on the first day of the second parent's time (if the calculated number of days of summer vacation is even).

If a child is required to attend summer school, the time sharing shall proceed as during the normal school year for the time summer school is in session. Any remaining portion of the summer break, as defined above, shall be

equally split between the parents.

J. **School Planning Days:** Parents are to divide all school planning days equally, In that regard, the parent who enrolled the child(ren) in school shall notify the other parent at the beginning of each school year as to when all school planning days are scheduled, so that the other parent can make efforts to spend this additional time with their child on a rotating basis. If the parties cannot agree, the Petitioner shall have the first school planning day, and the parties shall rotate every other school planning day thereafter.

K. **House of Shared Parenting:** Hours of shared parenting for Memorial Day, Martin Luther King, Jr., Day, July4th, Labor Day, President's Day, Veteran's Day, Halloween, Mother's Day, Father's Day, parent's birthdays and school planning days, shall be from 9:00 am. until school begins the following morning (if in session), or otherwise at 9:00 am. the following morning when the child is returned to the parent, or day care, if applicable. For Halloween, if school is in session on this day, time-sharing shall commence from the time school recesses or as soon as the parent entitled to Halloween can pick-up the child.

Schedule B: (Attach a separate sheet if necessary)

15. RELOCATION OF A PARENT

When a parent intends to relocate more than fifty (50) miles away from his or her principal residence at the time the last Court order addressing residential issues was entered, that parent must follow the provisions of Florida Statute §61.13001. This statute requires, among other things, the sending of a detailed notice (with the specific information listed in the statute) to the other parent and allows time for the other parent to raise to the Court his or her objection to relocation. The statute also has provisions for an agreement by the parties and approval by the Court. This statute does not apply if the intended move will place the new residence less than fifty (50) miles from the other parent.

16. OTHER: (attach additional sheet if necessary)

IN WITNESS WHEREFORE, the parties have set their hands and seals on the dates below written.

On this the ___ day of _____,
2008, signed, sealed and delivered
in the presence of:

**(Father's name bold all caps)

(Print Name) _____

(Print Name) _____

As to Father

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF ESCAMBIA

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority authorized to administer oaths and take acknowledgments, personally appeared ****(father's name bold all caps)**, who produced a valid driver's license as identification, who executed the foregoing Parenting Plan and acknowledged before me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WITNESS my hand and official seal on this the ___ day of _____, 2008.

NOTARY PUBLIC - State of Florida

On this the ___ day of _____,
2008, signed, sealed and delivered
in the presence of:

**(Mother's name bold all caps)

(Print Name) _____

(Print Name) _____
As to Mother

STATE OF FLORIDA

COUNTY OF ESCAMBIA

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority authorized to administer oaths and take acknowledgments, personally appeared ******(mother's name bold all caps), who produced a valid driver's license as identification, who executed the foregoing Parenting Plan and acknowledged before me that she executed the same freely and voluntarily and for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WITNESS my hand and official seal on this the ____ day of _____, 2008.

NOTARY PUBLIC - State of Florida